

NAVAIR Corrosion Program Naval Aviation Enterprise Materials, Coatings and Corrosion



Status Brief

**August 17, 2011 Air Force Corrosion
Conference**

Frederick Lancaster AIR 4.3.4 Materials Engineering

Distribution Statement A- Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited



OUTLINE

Background – Cost of Corrosion/Impact
– Naval Aviation Enterprise



- Drivers & Challenges
- Next Gen Materials
- Technology & Application Areas
- Efforts
- Summary





MATERIALS ENGINEERING

A FULL SPECTRUM APPROACH - S&T, ACQUISITION AND SUSTAINMENT TECHNOLOGIES FULLY INTEGRATED FOR ALL AEROSPACE SYSTEMS:

- AIR VEHICLES
- PROPULSION

- WEAPON SYSTEMS
- AVIONICS & SENSORS

- AIRCRAFT LAUNCH & RECOVERY EQUIPMENT
- SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

MATERIALS S & T

- 6.1 - 6.4
- SBIR and ILIR
- Manufacturing Technology
- Environmental Programs
- Technology Transfer
 - Metals and Ceramics
 - Propulsion Materials
 - Corrosion Technology
 - Materials Protection
 - Advanced Polymers and Composites
 - NDI
 - Functional materials



ACQUISITION SUPPORT/ RISK ASSESSMENT

- Requirements Definition
- Source Selection
- Design Reviews (PDR/CDR..)
- Materials & Process Specifications/CDRLs
- Design Allowables
- Performance Monitor
- M&P Certification
- Flight Clearance
- Technology Transition
- Repair Development/ Analysis

IN-SERVICE ENGINEERING/PRODUCTION SUPPORT

- | | |
|---|------------------------------|
| • FRC/ISSC Engineering Support | • Engineering Investigations |
| • Corrosion Prevention & Control | • Failure Analysis |
| • HAZMAT Minimization / Environmental Compliance | • Mishap Investigation |
| • Aircraft and Engine Maintenance/ Repair/ Life Extension | • Aging Aircraft Initiatives |
| | • GS and T/M/S Manuals |
| | • Fleet Bulletins & |

Materials design decisions made during Phase 1 impact A/C maintenance costs years/decades later.



NAE: TODAY AND TOMORROW



Phase 1 New Aircraft

- Establish Corrosion Contract Language and Define Corrosion Performance Criteria
- Develop Standard Verification and Validation Criteria for Environmental Performance
- Promulgate Corrosion Prevention/Control Guidance/Policy
- Establish and Support Corrosion Prevention Action Teams
- Revitalize Corrosion S&T
- Incorporate Lessons Learned



Phase 3 Late Mature Stage

- Service Life Assessment and Service Life Extension
- Optimize Corrosion Prevention and Control Strategies to
- Minimize Fleet Maintenance Actions
- Implement New Repair Technologies
- Feed Lessons Back to Early Mature and New Aircraft

Corrosion Stages of Life



Phase 2 Early Mature Stage

- Optimize Corrosion Prevention and Control Strategies to Minimize Fleet Maintenance Actions
- Demonstrate, Validate and Implement New Technologies
- Conduct Validation and Verification Inspections for Unproved Materials
- Establish Improved Data Collection Methods
- Standardize Data Assessment Methods
- Feed Lessons Back to New Aircraft



Phase 4 Final Life Stage

- Apply Advanced Inspection Techniques to Minimize Airframe and Component Disassembly
- Reduce Component Scrap Rate Through Emergent
- Remanufacturing Technologies
- Capture Lessons Learned and Fleet Data and Feed Back to Other Stages of Life

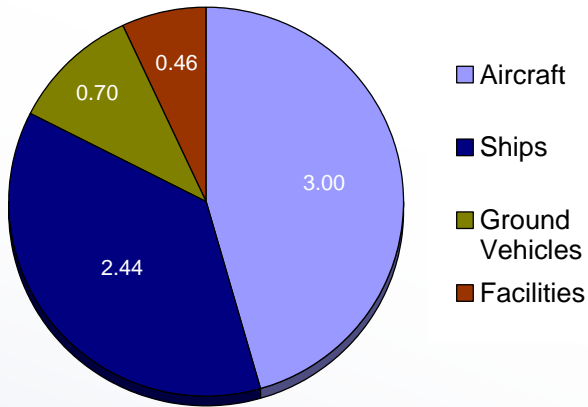


IMPACT OF CORROSION ON NAE/NAVY

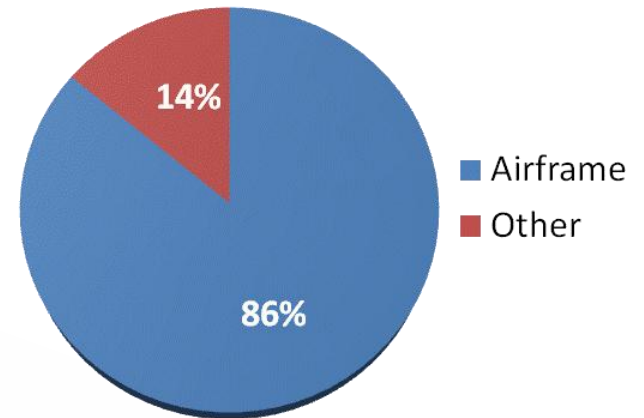
Total Annual Navy Cost, \$6.6B

NAE Annual Cost, \$2.6B avg

Corrosion Maintenance Costs, \$B



\$3B Corrosion Maintenance Cost



“death by a thousand cuts”

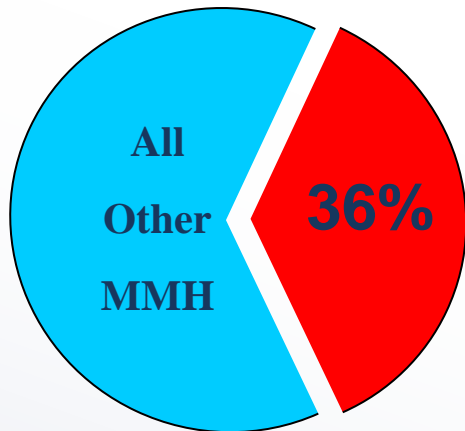




IMPACT ON COST & SAFETY

Maintenance Man-hours

Source: AIR-6.0/LCDR W. Conroy
(FY04 Study of 11 year Logistics Data)



Corrosion /
Inspection MMH
(Ave 7.27 MMH/FH)

101,000,000(+) MMH expended against
total corrosion/inspection effort during
1994-2004

Safety Impact

- 224 Safety incidents with corrosion as a causal factor
- 227 A/C & 250 personnel Involved
- \$238M Estimated Cost/Loss



Landing Gear
Stress
Corrosion
Cracking

- Data Source: Navy Safety Center (FY93-FY03)

NAE Annual Corrosion Cost ⇒ \$2.6B avg
(2005 and 2006, 20010/LMI Cost of Corrosion Study, May 2008)



MAINTENANCE AND CORROSION COSTS

(from LMI Cost of Corrosion Report MEC70T3, May 2008, update May 2011)

Estimated annual depot costs

Node or sub-node	Description of corrosion cost node	Total aviation and engine maintenance cost (in millions)	Corrosion cost (in millions)	Corrosion cost as a percentage of total aviation and engine maintenance cost
A1	Navy organic depot direct labor	\$649	\$318	48.9%
A2	Marine Corps organic depot direct labor	\$292	\$172	58.8%
A3	Navy commercial depot labor	\$308	\$154	49.8%
A4	Marine Corps commercial depot labor	\$165	\$79	47.9%
B1	Navy organic depot materials	\$646	\$256	39.7%
B2	Marine Corps organic depot materials	\$232	\$91	39.2%
B3	Navy commercial depot materials	\$606	\$248	40.9%
B4	Marine Corps commercial depot materials	\$344	\$140	40.6%
	Depot overhead	\$127	\$0	0%
Depot total		\$3,369	\$1,458	43.3%

Estimated annual field costs

Node or sub-node	Description of corrosion cost node	Total aviation and engine maintenance cost (in millions)	Corrosion cost (in millions)	Corrosion cost as a percentage of total aviation and engine maintenance cost
C1	Navy organic field-level direct labor	\$3,197	\$974	30.5%
C2	Marine Corps organic field-level direct labor	\$920	\$212	23.0%
C3	Navy commercial field-level labor	\$176	\$50	28.5%
C4	Marine Corps commercial field-level labor	\$97	\$23	24.0%
D1	Navy organic field-level materials	\$689	\$121	17.6%
D2	Marine Corps organic field-level materials	\$324	\$51	15.7%
D3	Navy commercial field-level materials	\$56	\$7	13.1%
D4	Marine Corps commercial field-level materials	\$30	\$5	16.5%
	Field-level overhead	\$358	\$0	0%
Field-level total		\$5,847	\$1,443	24.7%
E	Labor of non-maintenance aviation operators	\$88	\$35	39.8%
F	Priority 2 and 3	\$3	\$3	N/A
G	Purchase cards	\$16	\$16	N/A
Outside normal reporting total		\$107	\$54	N/A
Total-all costs		\$9,323	\$2,955	31.7%

TMS Cost Rank/Combined

No.	TEC	TMS	Corrosion cost per item (in millions)	Per-item corrosion cost rank	Total corrosion cost (in millions)	Total corrosion cost rank	Combined Rank
1	AAED	EA-6B	\$1.7	2	\$193.8	3	5
2	AHZA	SH-60B	\$1.4	4	\$202.3	2	6
3	AMAF	A-18C	\$1.0	7	\$382.3	1	8
4	APBD	F-35C	\$1.1	6	\$179.7	4	10
5	AHZB	SH-60F	\$0.9	10	\$63.9	9	19
6	AHRH	CH-46E	\$0.7	15	\$148.6	5	20
7	AMAH	A-18E	\$0.6	18	\$68.8	6	24
8	ACZB	C-30	\$1.6	3	\$26.9	21	24
9	AEBB	E-2C	\$0.9	13	\$58.0	12	25
10	AHCS	VH-3D	\$2.1	1	\$23.6	24	25
11	AFXD	F-5N	\$1.3	5	\$25.1	22	27
12	AHXD	CH-53E	\$0.4	24	\$65.8	7	31
13	AHXJ	MH-53E	\$0.9	12	\$27.9	19	31
14	ACWA	C-2A	\$0.8	14	\$27.9	18	32
15	AHZN	MH-60S	\$0.5	19	\$46.7	14	33
16	ACMC	C-130J	\$0.9	9	\$19.0	26	35
17	AMAG	A-18D	\$0.4	26	\$59.5	10	36
18	ASBE	S-3B	\$0.6	17	\$27.3	20	37
19	AFWE	F-14D	\$0.9	11	\$18.4	27	38
20	AMAJ	A-18F	\$0.4	27	\$58.5	11	38

Navy retiring
retiring

retiring
retiring

retiring

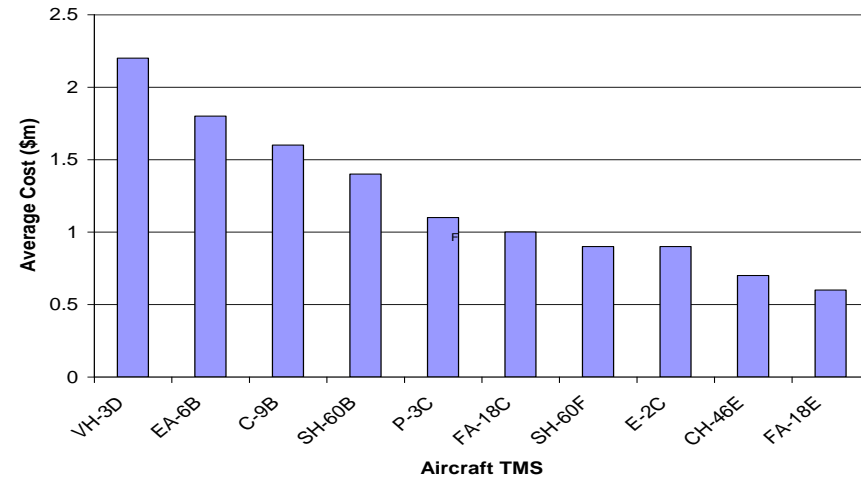
retired
retired



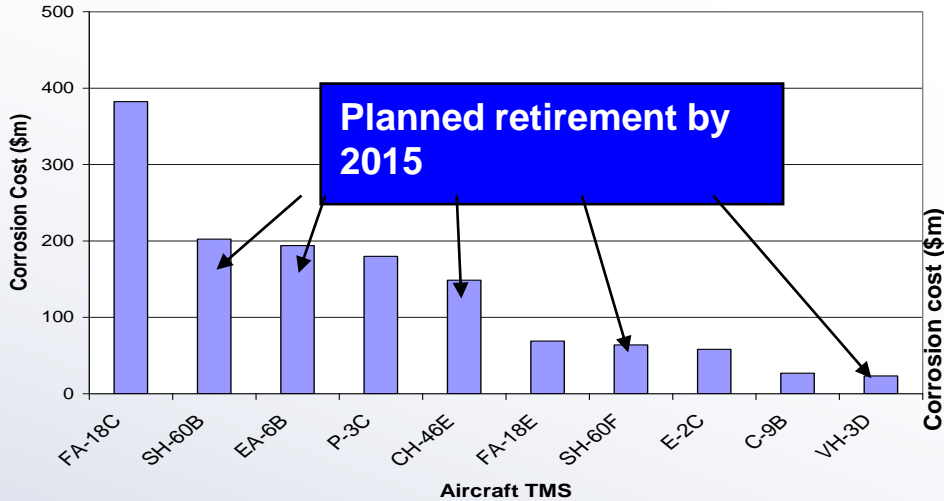
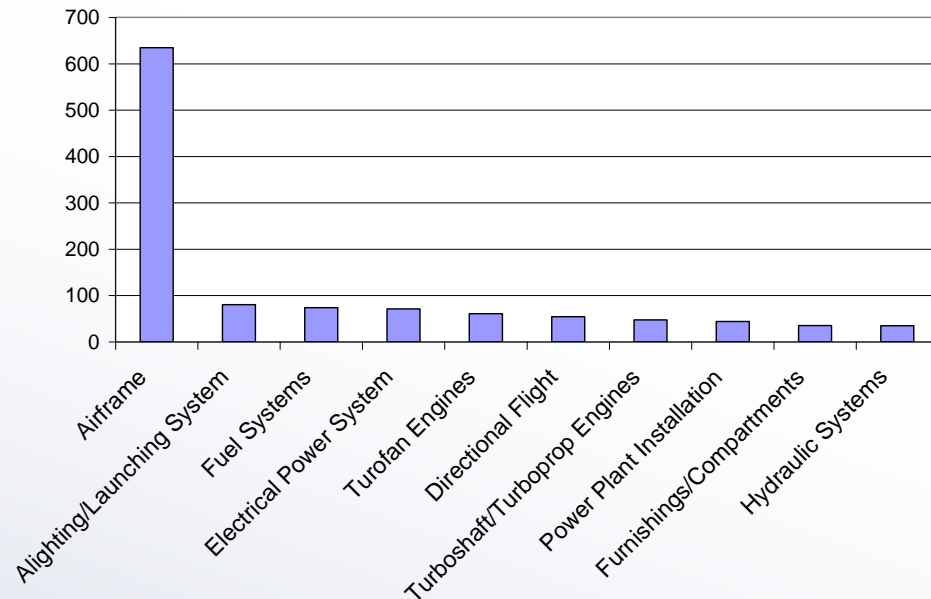
CORROSION COST

Factors: type of aircraft, # in inventory, age

Location: Airframe corrosion ~7X greater than any other cost



Average cost per airframe



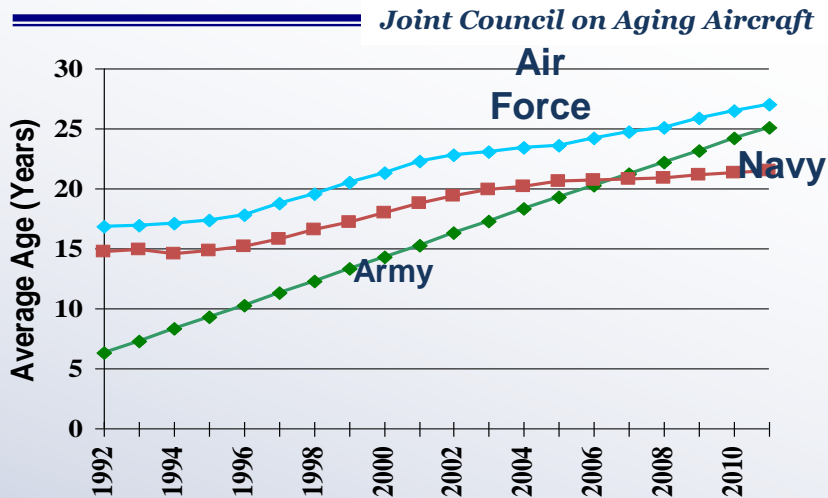
Total cost per aircraft type



CORROSION ISSUES

Current

- Aircraft Age and Material Condition
- Corrosion Data Integrity
- Reduced Fleet Corrosion Emphasis
- Reduced Training/CBT
- Unauthorized Material Usage



Future

- Corrosion Resistance lacking in Design
- Increased use of Dissimilar Materials
- PBL/incentive lags current platforms
- OEM knowledge of operational and maintenance environment
- Reactive vs Proactive approach

Overall

- Corrosion is an NAE-wide Concern
- No Baseline Corrosion Assessment
- Environmental Compliance
- Lack of Corrosion Metrics
- Cross-functional Corrosion Team



NAE CORROSION EFFORTS

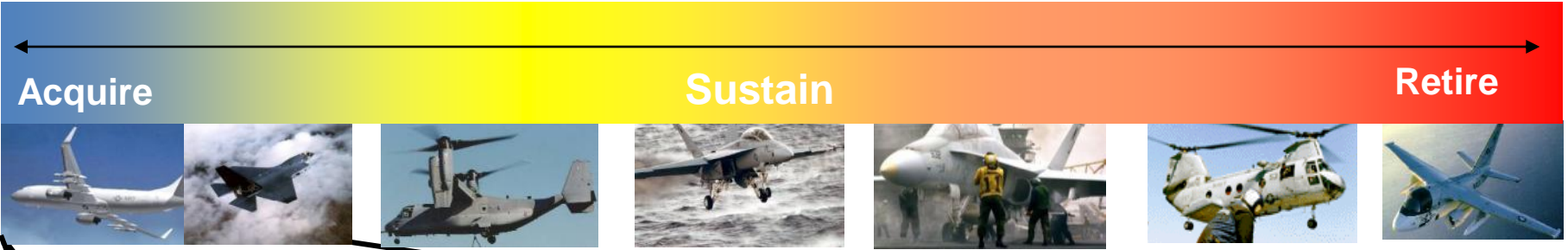
- **Congressional Mandate to address annual \$22B DoD cost**
 - Revised Policy and Regulations to emphasize corrosion
 - Focus areas – Acquisition/Design, Current Readiness, Sustainment
- **NAE BOD sponsors Corrosion Prevention Team (CPT)**
 - Air Board Maintenance & Supply Chain Management
 - Multi-competency, multi-disciplinary
 - Concept: Improve Airframe Material Condition Through Systematic Corrosion Abatement Strategies
 - Goals – Achieve Optimal Aircraft Readiness
 - Reduce Total RFT Gap To < 5%
 - Reduce RFT Gap Of Each TMS by 20%

Goal 1: Cost-wise Aircraft RFT Entitlement

Goal Team 1A:	CWRIIP
Goal Team 1B:	Component Reliability
Goal Team 1C:	Corrosion Control



Future Readiness



Future Readiness Team
Focused on Solutions in Acquisition so that Current Problems are Eliminated 20 Years from Now

Current: F/A-18E/F, EA-18G, V-22, H-60R/S, UH-1Y/AH-1Z

Next 10+ Years: P-8A, F-35B/C, MQ-8B, H-53K, BAMS, E-2D, STUAS, FA-XX, EP-X



DRIVERS

Performance –

- Reduced weight, Increased capability/range, Survivability

Durability –

- Improved structural strength, More damage resistant

Environmental –

- Green Technology, Regulatory compliance

Availability –

- Longer service life, Improved readiness, Decreased maintenance



DRIVERS

Performance

- Increased carbon fiber composites, more dissimilar materials/galvanic corrosion, increased conductive materials

Reliability

- More complex designs, No corrosion or environmental effects accounted for in maintenance planning

Environmental

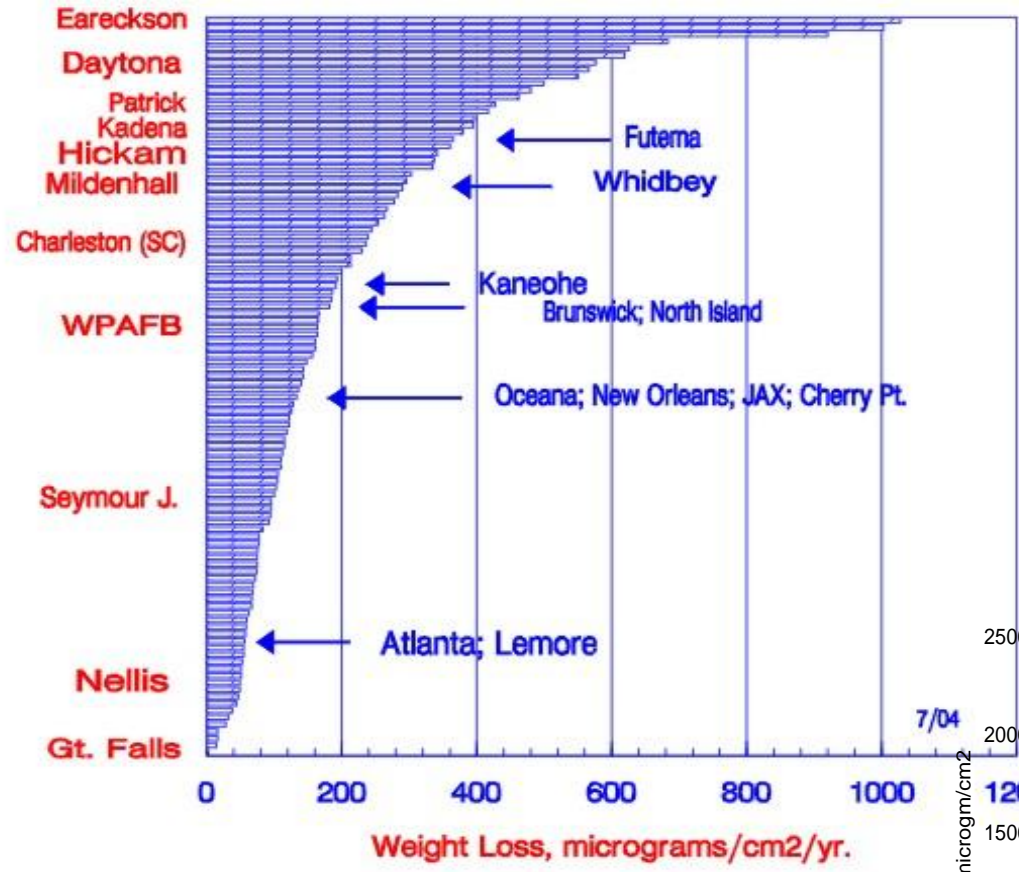
- Focus solely on ESOH reduced robustness of protective materials and coatings

Availability

- Supply of exotic and more expensive materials, turn around time and cost of repairs



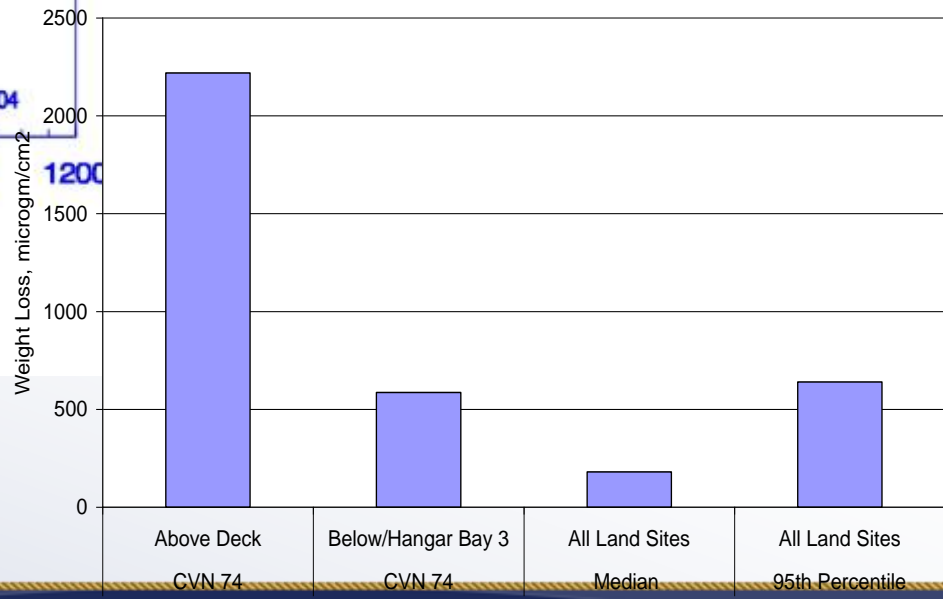
OPERATIONAL ENVIRONMENT



Carrier Exposure Rack on CVN 74



Corrosion Of 6061 Al; Comparisons Of Land vs. Carrier Data; Projected 1 Year Values



Navy/Marine Aviation and Air Force Land Sites



APPROACH

- **Change the aircraft design paradigm**
 - Increase corrosion resistance and maintainability of future acquisitions; enable corrosion resistant designs
- **Facilitate mission life prediction**
 - Increase current operational readiness, reduce lifecycle costs, and reduce logistics footprint
 - Increase future readiness of current platforms
 - Incorporate Affordability into design and construction phase
- **Galvanic Management of aircraft has never been done**
 - With the tools available today, aircraft are primarily designed for performance and structural response
 - Corrosion is an after-thought that is dealt with later in the lifecycle of the aircraft



NEXT GEN MATERIALS

Life-of-Platform, Universal Coating and Corrosion Control Systems

- Coatings for multi-material systems / Coatings & Maintenance Free Systems
 - Increased surface tolerance
 - Adaptive response to substrate
 - Elimination of environmental impact

Predictive Corrosion Behavior & Design Integration

- Rapid Recovery & Represervation
- Reliable Corrosion Behavior & Design Integration

Corrosion Resistance-by-Design for Materials & Systems

- Durable Structural Materials
- Integrated Corrosion Control - Engineering & Design Tools
- Integrated corrosion control & functional coatings or systems



NEXT GEN MATERIALS

Corrosion controls systems which respond to wide dynamic ranges of operating environments

- Tools for Monitoring, Detection & Prognostics
- Self-healing & Self-assessing Systems
- Total Asset Management & Logistics

Corrosion Resistant Design & Standardized Technical Criteria & Data

- Complete Corrosion Engineering Circular in 2009
- Enhance Corrosion Action Teams
- Revise Acquisition Specifications – MIL-STD-7179A, MIL-S-5002, MIL-HDBK-1250
(ie paperwork)



NEXT GEN MATERIALS

Technology & Application Areas

– Disruptive Technologies

- Galvanic modeling, simulation, and validation of corrosion designs
- Carbon fiber composites with reduced effective cathode area
- Galvanically tuned alloys for protection of high-strength steels
- Benign conductive coatings and sealants
- Universal sacrificial paint/coatings

Eliminate high-corrosion maintenance cost drivers for fleet

- Reduce a major portion of labor required to maintain airframes
- Improve airframe reliability fusing advanced mold line coatings
- Support CNAF-endorsed NAE Corrosion Prevention Team actions
- Extend service life of Navy aircraft beyond original design.
- All solutions fit into future platforms, i.e. F/A-XX



DEVELOPMENTAL NEEDS

Coatings: Cr⁶⁺ is under pressure from government/DoD and commercial organizations – Aerospace is last “hold-out” for Cr⁶⁺ use in protective coatings

- Navy and Marine Corps operating requirement is most challenging
 - Alternatives acceptable for automotive, commercial aviation, land-based DoD are typically not good enough
 - Simulation of operating environment a challenge for RDT&E and acquisition/design trade studies

Basic understanding of corrosion protection mechanisms for qualified and emerging non-chromated primers

- “Standard” chemically inhibited epoxies
 - Proprietary, not well understood inhibitors
- Metal pigmented epoxies and polyurethanes
 - New galvanic/magnesium pigmented primers have different, poorly understood failure mechanisms
 - Accelerated testing yields coating rupturing and tunneling through coupons
 - Beach exposure yields rapid loss of coating, presumably due to high self-corrosion rate



DEVELOPMENTAL NEEDS

Primers with improved flexibility, high adhesion and easy removal

Primers and topcoats with improved processing characteristics

- Extended or zero pot life, Reduced or zero cure time

Reduce or eliminate VOCs/HAPs/TRI chemicals from current coating systems

- Goal of zero emissions from the entire finishing system

Basic understanding of the effect of coating inhibitors on stress-corrosion cracking and corrosion fatigue

Extreme weathering topcoats, including correlation between pigments and ultimate topcoat life

- Gloss red, orange, and blue (trainer)
- Flat greys (tactical)



DEVELOPMENTAL NEEDS

Accelerated tests with better correlation to beach and ship operating environment

- Correlation of accelerated corrosion test results with results of natural, beach front exposure results
 - “Cherry Picking” alloys and accelerated tests leads to strong false positives and negatives

Re-vitalizing working relationship with key S&T areas

- Growing links with universities
 - Projects, People
- Working to Establish ONR Corrosion S&T Funding
 - Corrosion Innovative Naval Prototype Proposal for “Durable Aircraft”



EFFORTS

Develop galvanic management technologies and engineered systems that eliminate fleet maintenance and reduce life-cycle corrosion cost of aircraft

Major Focus Areas

- Surface Potential Modeling & Simulation
- Tests for Prototyping Corrosion
- Engineered Interfaces

Navy Science & Technology Guidance

- **Seapower**
- **Naval Aviation Enterprise S&T Strategy**
- **2009 NAVAL S&T Plan ONR**



Requires a Radical Shift in Design Philosophy

Technology solutions will focus on highest cost drivers by platform and need

Corrosion is an after-thought that is dealt with later in the lifecycle of the aircraft



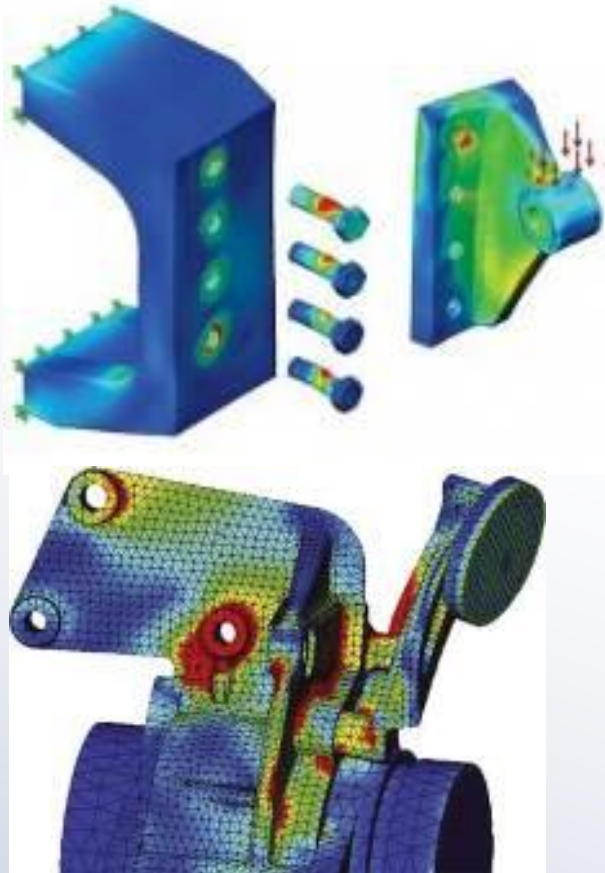
MIXED-MODE SURFACE POTENTIAL MODELING

Vision of Multi-Mode Corrosion
Tool: Mapping Galvanic Corrosion Rates

Description: Innovative technologies that enable the modeling, simulation and validation of galvanic stress

Proposed Investment

- computer model of mixed corrosion modes
- validation process for model
- simulator for assembled component designs



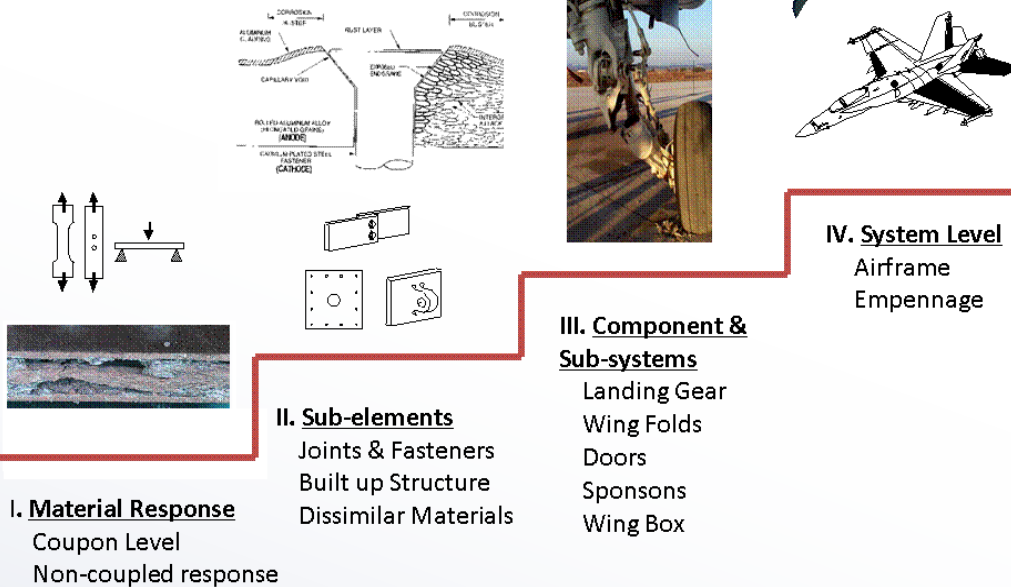
- Electric Potential Drives Corrosion
- Factors
 - EM Environment
 - Weather / Op Environment
 - Dissimilar Materials
 - Design/Operational Stress
 - Coatings/Inhibitors
 - Materials Loss/Degradation
 - Crevices/occluded spaces
 - Corrosion product buildup-induced stresses

$$\Delta V = \Delta V^o - \frac{RT}{nF} \ln \frac{[M_1^{n+}]}{[M_2^{n+}]}$$



ADVANCED PROTOTYPING

Accelerated Corrosion Test Hierarchy



- Government- Industry Accepted
- Validate Corrosion Response
- Realistic and Reliable
- Enables credible design AoA
- Enforceable Contract Language
- Design validation via DT
- Provides Answers
 - How much will it cost/save?
 - How long will it last?
 - What is the ROI?

Innovative test technologies that enable prototyping and risk reduction for airframe corrosion performance at sea

Proposed Investment:

- test and validation process
- prototyping standard
- advanced trade study method



ENGINEERED INTERFACES

Technology solutions will focus on highest cost drivers by platform and need – multiple possible solutions

Description: Develop new technologies that reduce or isolate galvanic potential between materials used on airframe

Proposed Investment:

- Carbon fiber composites with reduced cathode area and less noble open circuit potential
- Multi-compatible fasteners and conductive coatings/sealants
- Galvanically tuned protective coatings





Products



Pretreatments



Dust Containment



CPC's



Cleaners



Canopy/Windscreen Restoration & Maintenance





Products

- Ready to use MIL-PRF-85570 Type II
- MIL-PRF-85570 Type 1 in Aerosol & Pre-Moistened Wipes
- Micro-mesh Cloths for Canopy & Optics Cleaning
- MIL-DTL-81706 Type II Non-Chrome Pretreatment Applicator Pen
- MIL-PRF-29608 Class L CPC Electrical Contact Cleaner
- Non-Chrome pretreatments
- Advanced performing topcoats
- Cold Spray Metallization
- Hot-melt glue sticks for non-structural adhesives
- Waterless Aircraft Wash
- MIL-PRF-32295 Types I & II (PD-680 alternatives)
- Helicopter engine wash diverter
- Portable dust containment
- Selectively strippable midcoats
- Non-chrome primers
- Canopy & windscreen restoration products



SUMMARY

- Corrosion is a significant cost to the Navy
 - NAVAIR's total annual budget is ~\$40B; annual corrosion cost is estimated at \$3.0B
- The Naval Aviation Enterprise Corrosion
 - Prevention Team is attacking corrosion problem in all phases of aircraft life cycle
- Solutions lie in the areas of leadership,
 - training, policy, basing, materials, design, and documentation
- Key Outcome: Balanced approach to reduce impact of corrosion on NAE
- Materials design and selection decisions made during concept and production impact A/C maintenance costs years/decades later

